

VINAYAKA MISSIONS SIKKIM UNIVERSITY

(Estd. by Sikkim Legislative Act vide VMSU Act No.11 of 2008)

DIRECTORATE OF DISTANCE EDUCATION

NH 10-A, Tadong, East Sikkim-737102

www.vmsuniversity.in :: E-Mail: dir.dde@vmsuniversity.in

Phone: 93323-67555/03592-232588

Programme: MA(History)

Session: 2015-16

Full Marks: 10

Course/Subject Name: History of South India Upto 1336

Course/Subject Code: SS 4203

Assignment No. 1

Last Date of Submission: 31st March 2016

NOTE : All Sections in the Assignments are compulsory to be attempted as per Instructions.

Section -A

Choose the correct option

0.5x10 = 5

- On which bank of Kanchi is situated?
(a)Tungbhadara (b)Palaru (c)Kavery (d)Narmada
- TAPTI River originated from the plateau of
(a) Satpura (b)Sundervan (c)Vindhyaachal (d)Trimbak hill
- Who was the author of Mattavilasa? (a) Mahendravarman (b)Hiuen Tsang (c) Ibn Batuda (d)dr. TV Mahalingam.
- The main occupation of Middle Stone Age was:
(a) Agriculture (b) Industries (c) Trading (d) Hunting.
- The pre pottery period is datable:
(a) From 6000 to 3000 BC (b) From 5000 to 3000 BC
(c) From 4000 to 3000 BC (d) From 7000 to 3000 BC .
- Sangam means the association of:
(a) poets (b) engineers (c) writers (d) traders.
- Earlier Satwahanas were under the empire of:
(a)Cholas (b)Kushan (c)Mauryan (d)Vijaynagar
- Who was known as ' Tri -Samudra-toya-pita-vahana' among Satwahana rulers :
(a)Kanha (b)Satkarni-1 (c) Satkarni-II (d)Gautamiputra Satkarni.
- Who was the first Satwahana ruler ;
(a)Kanha (b)Satkarni-1 (c) Hala (d)Gautamiputra Satkarni.
- Who was Megasthenes?
a) Indian Writer (b)Foreign traveller (c) Hindu Emperor (d) Chinese Emperor

Section -B

Answer any FIVE within 50 words.

(1x5 = 5) Marks

- Write the main features of Western Ghats of South India before 1336 AD.
 - What do you know about Brahmani inscription?
 - Write a paragraph on Microlithic Age?
 - Give an account of Venni war?
 - Give an introductory note about Hieun Tsang.
 - What was the position of women in Sangam Age?
 - Who were the Kalabhras? What are the inscripational evidences about Kalabhras?
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Assignment No. 2

Last Date of Submission: 15th April 2016

NOTE : All Sections in the Assignments are compulsory to be attempted as per Instructions.

Section -A

Choose the correct option

0.5x10 = 5

- Kanchi in 640 AD was the capital of:
(a) Pallavas (b) Cholas (c) Chalukyas (d) Satwahanas
- In the history of South the age of Pallavas was most :
(a) Constructive (b) Destructive (c) Controversial (d) Revolutionary
- Early Pallavas rule is supposed to have extended from:
(a) 250 AD to 340AD (b) 240 AD to 360AD (c) 290 AD to 390AD (d) 270 AD to 390AD
- Pulkehin II belonged to :
(a) Chalukya (b) Chola (c) Satwahanas (d) None of these
- Who was also known as Narsimhavarman II :
(a) Raja Simha (b) Parmeswaravarman I (c) Mahendravarman (d) Nandivarman
- Kalanju and Manjadi were weights in use for:
(a) Rice (b) Land (c) Ghee & Oil (d) Gold
- Ghatikas were:
(a) Educational Institution (b) Religious place (c) Commercial place (d) Storage for food & grains
- Sri Mara Srivallaba also had the titles :
(a) Ekavira (b) Parachakrakolahala (c) Avanipasekaran (d) All of the above
- Who was the last of the great Yadavas:
(a) Mahadeva (b) Bhillama (c) Ramchandara (d) Krishna
- After the Satwahanas among the following who consolidated the political unity of Deccan:
(a) Chalukya Vatabi (b) Chalukya of Vengi (c) Chalukyas of Kalyani (d) Ganga of Kalinga

Section -B

Answer any FIVE within 50 words:

(1x5 = 5)

- Discuss the rise of Pallavas to power.
 - Explain the results of Bhakti Movements.
 - Describe about Chola-Chalukya Conflict.
 - Describe the significance of Battle of Thirupurambiyam.
 - What do you know about Yadavas of Dwarika according to tradition?
 - Bring out the features of local self Government of Chola's.
 - Trace the course of events leading to the establishment of Madurai Sultanat.
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Assignment No. 3

Last Date of Submission: 15th April 2016

Choose the correct option

0.5x10 = 5

1. Nadukul or Veerakkul are unique historical sources available in different part of :

- (a) Tamilnadu (b) Andhrapradesh (c) Orissa (d) Jharkhand

2. The Cheras, Cholas, and Pandayas were three popular families of Tamilnadu during the period of :

- (a) Sangam age (b) Stone age (c) Vedic age (d) None of the above

3. Murugan means

- (a) Beauty (b) Youth (c) Charm (d) All the above

4. The Sangam age was brought to an end by the

- (a) Kalbharas (b) Kapadapuram (c) Karikala (d) All of the above

5. According to Jain accounts Simuha, the founder of Satwahana ruled from:

- (a) 230 – 207 BC (b) 330 – 270 BC (c) 270 – 217 BC (d) 260 – 217 BC

6. 'Avanti Sundari Kathasara' which gives an account of Pallavas is a:

- (a) Sanskrit work (b) Greek work (c) Brahamin work (d) None of these

7. The period of later Pallavas is from :

- (a) 375 AD to 900 AD (b) 375 AD to 700 AD (c) 375 AD to 800 AD (d) 675 AD to 1200 AD

8. 'Vatapikondan' was a title given to :

- (a) Narasimhavarman (b) Pulkeshin I (c) Pulkeshin II (d) Simhavishnu

9. During Pallavas' age the rice was measured by :

- (a) Nali (b) Ulakku (c) By both (d) By none of these

10. Sanskrit was the court language of :

- (a) Pallavas (b) Cholas (c) Chalukyas (d) Satwahana
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